

The Genuine Air Technology to achieve the most of PVC-O pipes



Pushing limits beyond













Experience

Quality

Differentiated and innovative

Range Technical and comercial suppo

Logistic service

Molecor, your partner for success in Molecular Orientation

Molecor is a Spanish company **specialized in infrastructure**, **sewage and edification solutions**, whose pipes and fittings are marketed in more than 30 countries around the world.

It was founded in 2006 with a focus on the development of Molecular Orientation technology applied to pressurized water pipes and since then its exponential growth and continuous improvement in the advancement of efficient and innovative solutions for the development of technology for the manufacture of Oriented PVC pipes, has made it the current world leader in the sector. In August 2020, the Spanish fund MCH Private Equity acquired a majority stake to provide Molecor with more strength to grow and develop its full potential, since in addition to the monetary contribution, MCH contributes with its industrial and financial expertise in both the organic and inorganic growth of the project. On September 30, 2021, Molecor completes the process of acquiring the production unit of Adequa (former Uralita Sistemas de Tuberías), adding to its portfolio of infrastructure solutions sanitation and edification to become one of the leading companies of pipes and fittings in Spain. In this way, it continues a great industrial project with a **strong focus on technology, efficient water use and internationalization.**

Our purpose: To improve the quality of life for people everywhere in the world, bringing affordable water within their reach through innovative, efficient and sustainable solutions.

Our values:

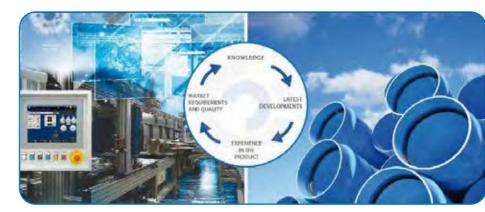
- Nonconformism. We seek to surpass previously achieved levels (quality, efficiency, innovation, safety, etc.) and we are not satisfied with what we have achieved.
- Globality. We are a global company, capable of offering our services and products anywhere in the world. To this end, we create an open, diverse and inclusive environment in which any talent can develop, regardless of nationality, location or origin.
- Honesty. We apply integrity at all levels in our relationships and decisions, within an environment of
 tolerance and respect. With transparency, but always respecting legality, regulatory limits and the principles
 of confidentiality and privacy.
- Commitment. We seek, value and are committed to the people around us, to the environment and to the communities in which we are present and in which we provide our services.
- **Attitude**. We like challenges and we are willing to face them actively, giving the best of ourselves, with maximum collaboration, flexibility, openness and sincerity.

Research & Development

Molecor invests in R&D, intellectual property, as well as in human resources. Machine design, flow mechanics, heat transfer, materials and electronics are disciplines well covered at **Molecor** with its specialists. In addition to its valuable workforce, **Molecor** uses advanced and sophisticated design and calculus tools to provide always the latest and most advanced solutions.

100% Specialization

Molecor is dedicated exclusively to the development of the latest **technology applying Molecular Orientation** to PVC and to the implementation of **highly efficient solutions** for the conveyance of water under pressure.





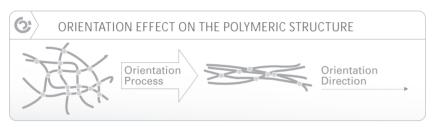
Know-How

Molecor, specialized in the water under pressure sector, is not just a machine manufacturer or engineering company, but a pipe producer too. Currently it manufactures the widest range of products in PVC-O: pipes from DN90 mm up to DN1200 mm and from 12,5 up to 25 bar as well as PVC-O fittings from PN110 to DN400 mm in PN16 bar.

Exclusive products

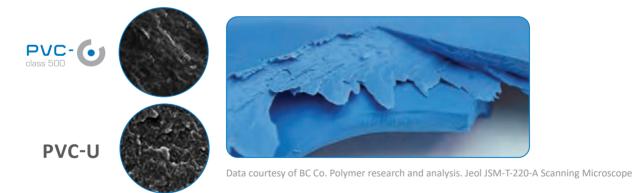
Thanks to its worldwide unique technology, Molecor puts exclusive products available to the market. Among them we can find the Integrated Seal System (ISS+), a 100% automatic system that inserts the gasket inside the socket, ensuring a perfect setting and achieving significant cost savings in manpower and maintenance. Besides this, we can highlight a wide range of products with pipes of up to DN1200 mm and the development of the PVC-O fittings: ecoFITTOM®.

Molecular Orientation, the PVC revolution



Molecular Orientation process modifies the PVC structure by giving the polymers molecules a specific orientation.

Molecular structure is the main feature that confers its mechanical properties to the PVC. PVC is a polymer which presents an amorphous molecular structure, where chains are arranged at random directions.



However, when stretching the material and under certain conditions of pressure, temperature and speed, the polymer molecules are aligned in the same direction as the stretching, resulting in a laminar structure.

The result: the highest properties & the lowest costs

The process of Molecular Orientation greatly enhances the PVC physical and mechanical properties, maintaining the original polymer advantages. It becomes an unbeatable plastic in terms of strength, impact resistance and flexibility without altering its chemical properties.

When applied to high pressure pipelines, they become very resistant and have an **extremely long life expectancy**. Beside this, the pipe is **highly energy-efficient and environmentally friendly** during all its useful life because of the considerable savings in raw material and also the ease of installation.



Hoop and axial orientation

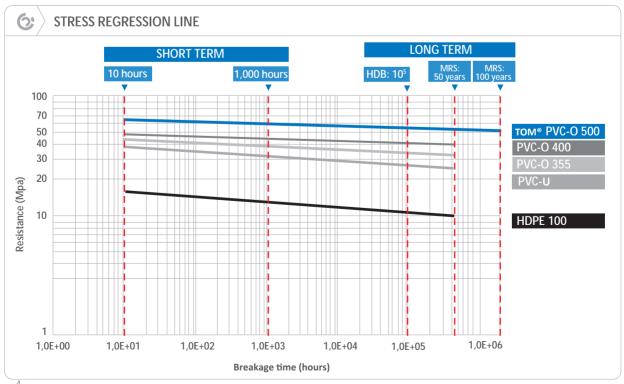
The orientation degree defines the PVC-O class. The higher the class, the greater the orientation degree and the better mechanical properties achieved. The class is evaluated according to the long term hydrostatic strength test. The orientation is produced in the stretching direction. Molecor's Technology system enables to attain orientation both in the hoop and axial directions, obtaining complementary benefits.



Long term hydrostatic resistance

Pipes are subjected to the internal pressure produced by the fluid circulation over a long period of time. The evolution in time of the material strength is known as creep, and appears to a far lesser extent in PVC-O Class 500 than in conventional plastics, which means better long term performance.

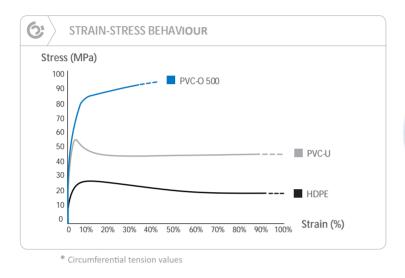
PVC-O Class 500 is the highest class recognized by the International Standard ISO 16422 and by the European Standard EN 17176, presenting **the best mechanical properties.**





Excellent short term performance

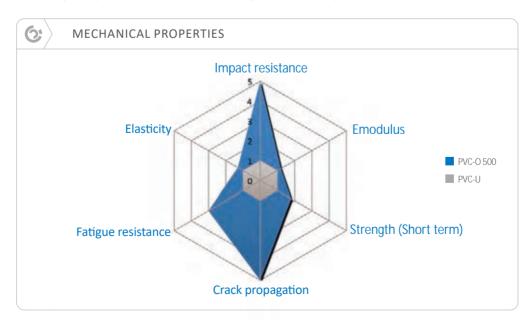
PVC-O Class 500 pipes have a very different stress-strain curve when compared to other plastics and come very close to the curve of metals. The mechanical properties of PVC-O improve as the so called "creep valley" disappears. This phenomenon can only be achieved with the highest degree of orientation, **Class 500**.



Mechanical properties

Molecular Orientation increases the PVC-U pipe's mechanical properties, obtaining a much more resistant and flexible pipe.

Impact resistance, no crack propagation and fatigue resistance, among other properties, are greatly enhanced without altering the chemical properties.





Unbeatable impact resistance

PVC-O Class 500 pipes are not easily destroyed by regular impacts. The risk of bursting during installation due to stone dropping or impact is minimal. The layered structure achieved with the Molecular Orientation process keeps from crack propagation and scratches.





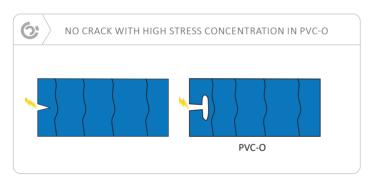
Product guaranteed for 50 years.





Guarantee exclusively applicable to PVC-O pipes manufactured in the Loeches production center (Madrid) with AENOR Product Certificate No. 001/007104 in accordance with UNE-FN 17176: 2019

No crack propagation



PVC-O Class 500 laminar structure. Stress concentration is expanded over the layers surface preventing failure

The layered structure achieved with the Molecular Orientation process is the main feature which prevents from crack propagation along the pipe wall thickness. During installation, scratches caused by stones on site might be produced. When cracks appear, they progress through the amorphous wall structure. In PVC-O Class 500 pipes, these cracks remain on the first layers, not affecting the pipe's properties at all.

Absence of RCP

The phenomenon of rapid crack propagation (RCP) can take place under certain conditions of temperature and pressure. Brittle cracks can propagate along the pipe wall in the axial direction at a speed of 100 to 400 meters/second. The energy needed for this fast propagation is supplied by the fluid under pressure within the pipe. This phenomenon, very common in some pipes, **is minimized in PVC-O pipes** due to the material's nature.

High short and long term hydrostatic resistance

PVC-O Class 500 pipes offer a resistance to internal pressure up to two times the nominal pressure, which means that they can bear a sporadic excess of pressure such as water hammers in the network. The durability of the pipe working at nominal pressure is ensured thanks to the low material creep behavior for over a hundred years.



Increased hydraulic capacity

PVC-O Class 500 widens the pipe's internal diameter and flow section. Besides, the perfect finishing on the internal surface makes it extremely smooth, minimizing load loss and making it more difficult for deposits to be formed on the inner walls. As a result, PVC-O Class 500 pipes offer between 15% - 40% more hydraulic capacity than pipes made from other materials (PVC-U, HDPE, ductile iron) with the same external dimensions.



Maximum ductility





PVC-O Class 500 pipes can bear big deformations of their internal diameter thanks to their excellent ductility. When crushed, or in the event of a mechanical accident, they immediately recover their original shape, thus eliminating the risk of potential breakage by soil subsidence or sharp edges on rocks or machinery.

Excellent behaviour to extreme working temperatures





In general, the plastics capacity to absorb impacts is very much more related to temperature. Below -10°C, plastics can present a brittle behavior which makes them inappropriate for cold climates. **PVC-O Class 500** does not present significant variations in its capacity to absorb impacts even in the most extreme cold areas of the world.

UV Radiation

UV radiation promotes micro cracks on the PVC-U surface and another plastic pipes exposed to sunlight over a long period of time. These cracks propagate through the plastic pipe's wall thickness. PVC-O pipes' layered structure blocks them, so they remain on the external layer. That is why the pipe's behavior is not affected. Tests carried out with PVC-O pipes exposed to sunlight during a period of more than a year have shown an equivalent response than those non exposed to UV.



Corrosion resistance

PVC-O Class 500 is **immune to the corrosion** caused by natural substances in the soil or agricultural chemicals. Therefore, it is not degradable and does not require any special protection or coating solution, which is translated into cost savings. The quality of the conveyed fluid remains always unaltered, since there is neither corrosion of the material nor migration within the pipes or on their coating. Mandatory tests show compliance with the required health standards for water human consumption.



Molecor: TOM®

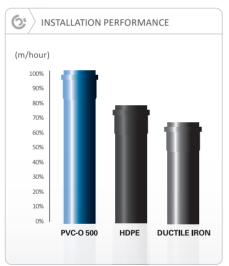


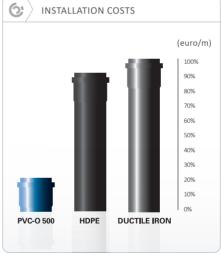
TOM® is the registered trade mark for **Molecor PVC-O Class 500** pipe. Due to the outstanding properties of these pipes, **Molecor** has become, within a brief period of time, a referent in the water sector. **Molecor** manufacturing plant follows an Integrated Quality and Environment Management System based on the **UNE-EN ISO 9001** and **UNE-EN ISO 14001** standards, for the "Manufacture of PVC-O Pipes for conveyance of fluids under pressure."

TOM® PVC-O pipes are manufactured according to the Spanish Standard **UNE-EN 17176:2019**, based on the International Standard **EN 17176**, and the International Standard **ISO 16422:2014**, having achieved the corresponding product certificates or quality marks.

Lower installation costs

PVC-O 500 pipes are lighter and **easier to handle** than pipes made of other materials. In fact, no machinery is required to handle pipes up to DN315 mm. In addition, their **lightness**, **ductility** and **resistance to impact** have a direct impact in terms of greater profitability, performance and speed in installation compared to other types of pipes.



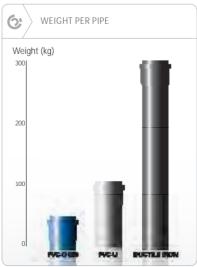




Charts figures for DN200-250 mm PN16 bar pipes

Lighter pipe: easy to handle, fast to connect

PVC-O Class 500 pipes weight less than half the usual weight of PVC and HDPE, and are between six and twelve times lighter than ductile iron pipes of the same diameter. They are easy to handle and they can be lifted without mechanical assistance (for pipes up to DN315 mm). During the installation process, the connections between pipes are faster and there is no need for welded unions thanks to the pipe's design and the PVC-O Class 500 properties. Besides, due to the PVC-O Class 500 toughness, the scratches caused by impacts are minimal and pipes present many advantages when unloading and burying.



ISO 16422. For a 6 m pipe DN250 mm PN16 ba



Applications



Supplying (blue TOM®)

Conduits for potable water transport. This includes water extraction, water distribution network to city centers and industrial areas, and water transfer to tanks and reservoirs.

Irrigation (blue TOM®)

Pipes for transporting water intended for irrigation. It includes both conduits to irrigated areas and distribution to plots and within the plot as well as drives to tanks, ponds and reservoirs.





Reclaimed water (purple TOM®)

Pipelines for the transport of water that has been treated to remove impurities.

Other applications

- Sewage
- Fire Protection Nets
- Industrial Applications
- Infrastructural Nets

Fittings

TOM® pipes are compatible with all kinds of ductile iron fittings (T, elbows, etc) saddles and flanges.



Tapping saddles allow connecting the pipe in the perpendicular direction to all kinds of fittings, being available with screw ends and flange ends.



Fittings with euro type plugs are connected directly to the pipe allowing for deviations. reductions and connections on the net.



with Flanges anti-traction system allow connecting the spigot ends to all kinds of fittings with connection to a flange.

Certifications

PVC-O pipes manufactured with Molecor Technology are certified according to the following standards:

UNE-EN 17176 N Mark (Spain)













AS/NZS 4441 SAL GLOBAL Mark (Australia)



ISO 16422 INEN Mark (Ecuador)



ICONTEC (Colombia)

NTC 5425



ISO 16422 SIRIM Mark (Malaysia)



GOST R 56927 ГОСТ Р 56927 (Russia)

















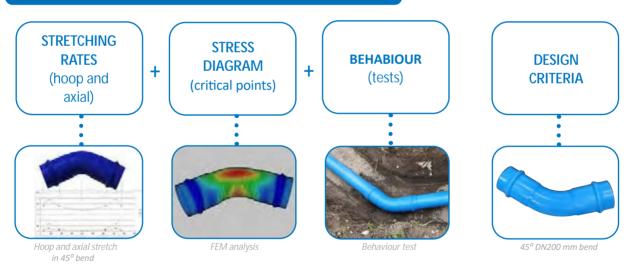
ecoFITTOM®, the first **fittings** in the world in **PVC-O**, present excellent improvements in the mechanical properties of PVC. These improvements allow to manufacture **ecoFITTOM®** optimizing the consumption of raw material and less energy obtaining a product with higher hydrostatic resistance and higher resistance to impact than fittings of other materials. Besides this, **ecoFITTOM®** presents an excellent behavior against water hammer, complete watertight, maximum chemical resistance and ductility.

With ecoFITTOM® Molecor offers a continuous system in PVC-O; this material continuity guarantees the same hydraulic and mechanical properties in the different elements of the network, in the pipes as well as in the fittings.

These fittings can be used in networks for the transportation of drinking water, irrigation systems, industrial applications, sewage, infrastructure networks, fire protection nets, etc. among other applications.



Process for obtaining PVC-O fittings



Manufacturing system

The technology used for manufacturing the **ecoFITTOM® PVC-O fittings** is based on the technology used for the manufacture of **TOM® pipes**. It consists of a **Genuine Air System** that ensures higher efficiency and control of the molecular orientation parameters throughout the entire process.

This use of air during the whole process, instead of boiling water as used in other manufacturing processes, guarantees a high degree of security to the operators since it protects them from burns in the event of leakages and avoids the formation of sliding surfaces eliminating potential risks and guaranteing complete security and reliability of the technology.



The energy used in the manufacturing process of **ecoFITTOM®** is applied to the fitting by a specific air distribution that allows the optimization of the resources, since it uses the lowest amount of energy possible obtaining the maximum performance.

In addition to this, the system allows the use of reprocessed material in the manufacturing of the **PVC-O** fittings ecoFITTOM® which are subjected to exhaustive quality tests once the production process is finished.

The ecoFITTOM® PVC-O fittings, manufactured in PN16 bar, present excellent improvements in the mechanical properties of PVC-O. These improvements allow to manufacture ecoFITTOM® consuming less raw material, contrary to what happens with fittings made of other materials with the same working and pressure requirements. These fittings are manufactured according to the Spanish PVC-O Standard UNE-CEN/TS 17176:3, based on the International Standard EN 17176, and have the AENOR Product Certificate No. 001/007103 in accordance with the standard UNE-CEN / TS 17176-3: 2019. Mark

In this way, **ecoFITTOM®** becomes one of **the most efficient and** sustainable products and with a higher lifecycle in the field of the fittings applied for the conveyance of water under pressure.



Advantages

More uniform water networks





Cost-efficiency



Environmental advantages



Installation advantages



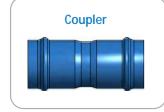
Currently Molecor offers a wide range of fittings from DN110 mm to DN400 mm in PN16 bar:

















The most eco-friendly solution for water transportation



The environmental impact of a piping system depends on its composition and on the application thereof, being the kind of material used, the manufacturing process, the high quality of the finished product and its useful life, the main factors that determine the efficiency and sustainability throughout all its life cycle.

Class 500 TOM® PVC-O pipes are the most ecological solution in the market, as many worldwide studies have demonstrated, due to their better contribution to a correct sustainable development of the planet, presenting environmental advantages during all their life cycle.



Efficiency in resources

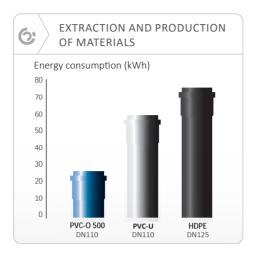
Embodied energy is defined as the non-renewable energy consumed in all the activities associated to the pipe's life cycle. This lifecycle includes raw material extraction, manufacture, installation and other supporting functions, such as transport.

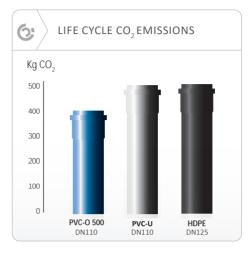
The exceptional mechanical properties of the TOM® pipes allow very important savings in raw materials. Only 43% of PVC composition depends on oil. Therefore, the consumption required of this resource for their manufacture is lower compared to other plastic solutions.

The energy consumption required by the Molecor Technology is not only lower than the required by pipes made of other materials, but also compared to the required by other **PVC-O pipe's production processes**. The lower consumption of raw materials results in **energy savings** during the extraction and the material production. It is also a key factor during conveyance and installation: their lower weight makes the installation process guicker and easier.

ENVIRONMENT •





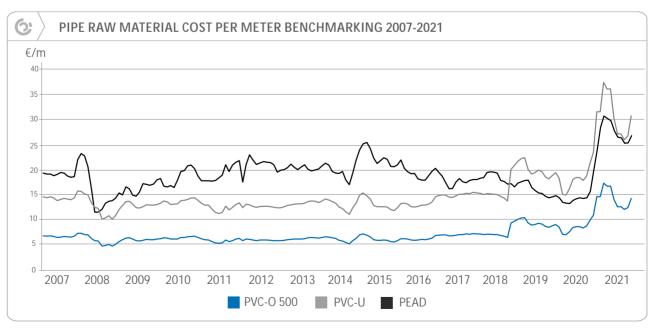


"ESTIMATION OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND ${\rm CO}_2$ EMISSIONS DUE TO PRODUCTION, USAGE, AND FINAL USAGE OF PVC, HDPE, PP AND CAST IRON PIPES". Department of Engineering Projects. Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya. Barcelona. Requested by Foro Iberico del PVC.

Water networks manufactured with traditional materials, currently register a percentage of channeled water leakages up to 25%. Moreover, chemical deterioration makes some canalizations to be replaced few years after having being installed.

PVC-O Class 500 pipes inner walls are extremely smooth, what minimizes head losses. Hence the energy needed for the conveyance is lower, avoiding an unncessary consumption of energy resources and reducing CO₂ emissions into the atmosphere.

The Molecor Technology is committed to the reduction of the greenhouse effect. Class 500 PVC-O pipes reduce ${\rm CO}_2$ emissions in every link of its lifecycle chain and are, therefore, a tool for managing water resources for the generations to come. PVC-O Class 500 pipes avoid unnessary energy consumption throughout their long lifecycle.



ISO 16422.Data for a DN250 mm PN16 bar pipe



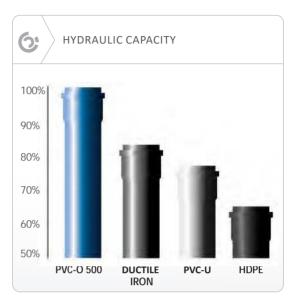
Hydraulic capacity

The reduction of raw materials consumption is a common international goal in the field of sustainable development.

The spectacular **PVC-O Class 500** properties, thanks to Molecular Orientation, imply less material per pipe and consequently, a **reduction** in the associated costs.

Water pipes not only have to be pressure-resistant, but they also have to transport the highest amount of water while consuming the least amount of energy.

PVC-O Class 500 pipes walls are thinner than those of conventional plastic pipes and smoother than those of metal pipes, which means greater hydraulic capacity.



ISO 16422. For a 1m DN250 mm PN16 bar

Efficiency in resource management

PVC-O 500 pipes are **100% recyclable**. They can be ground and processed as rework material to be used in pipe production again or in the manufacturing of other plastic products, without losing any of their properties.



Sustainability

TOM® is a sustainable pipe in which design the environment preservation has been taken into account considering aspects as: energy saving, sustainable use of natural resources, constructions durability and respect to environment.



ENVIRONMENT •••



Molecor has evaluated **TOM® pipes environmental impact** in all the stages of their lifecycle following the 179/2013/CE Recommendation, the last common calculation methodology proposed by the European Comission for the study of the **Product Environmental Footprint (PEF)**. That is to say, from the raw material extraction to the final product, including the manufacturing process, their distribution and their different applications.

According to this, the effect that **TOM® pipes** caused in 14 environmental impacts has been estimated.

- Air and atmosphere: climate change, acidification, depletion of the ozone layer and formation of fotochemical ozone.
- Water: resource depletion (water), fresh water ecotoxicity and water eutrophication.
- Soil: resource depletion (minerals), land eutrophication and the use of the ground.
- Human health: respiratory inorganic elements, ionizing radiation, effects on human health (carcinogenics) and effects on the human health (no carcinogenics).

Environmental impacts	Absolute	
Climate change	8.3E+01	kg CO2e
Ozone depletion	5.3E-06	kg CFC-11e
Ecotoxicity – aquatic, fresh water	1.8E+02	CTUe
Human toxicity – cancer effects	4.8E-06	CTUe
Human toxicity - non-cancer effects	8.6E-06	CTUh
Particulate matter / Respiratory inorganics	1.3E-02	kg PM2.5e
Ionising radiation – human health effects	5.3E+00	kg U235e
Photochemical ozone formation	4.1E-01	kg NMVOC
Acidification	4.1E-01	mol H+e
Eutrophication - terrestrial	1.0E+00	mol Ne
Eutrophication – aquatic, fresh water	1.6E-03	kg Pe
Eutrophication – aquatic, sea water	9.5E-02	kg Ne
Resource depletion – water	1.9E-01	m³ SWU
Resource depletion – mineral, fossil	3.8E-03	kg Sbe
Land transformation	1.6E+02	kg Cdef

Class 500 TOM® PVC-O pipes environmental footprint according to Recommendation 179/2013/EC

The Carbon Footprint is the best known environmental parameter. It takes into account the emission of greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, known as $\rm CO_{2}$, which are the responsible of the current climate change.

TOM® pipes are provided with the Huella Ambiental FVS ecolabel, promoted by the "Fundación Vida Sostenible" and the Working and Social Safety Ministry's company's responsability.





The Genuine Air System

- **©** Efficiency and cleanness: easy maintenance, start-up and diameter change
- Safety: the absence of boiling water prevents from leakage risks
- **©** Cost effectiveness: energy is applied to the pipe throughout specific air distribution

Integrated Socket System

O Socket is conformed at the same time as orientation takes place

- No orientation degree loss guaranteed
- No extra maintenance, time for changing, etc.

In line process

- Minimum labor and maximum effectiveness are achieved
- Standard factory lay-out
- Shortest line length even for the biggest pipes

Widest range of products

- ON: from 90 mm to 1200 mm (4" to 48")
- PN: up to 25 bar (365 psi) / 305 psi (21 bar)
- Compliance with worldwide standards
- © Special projects for larger diameters



Flexibility in the process

- Designed to work in line or in batch, small pipe batches may be produced if required by market demands
- © Capability of producing "Taylor-made pipe solutions" under client's request



Highest orientation degree: up to Class 500

- The best mechanical properties
- Maximum material savings
- The real guaranty for competition, being the best and the cheapest at the same time

Stability

- Easy and fast start-up, less than one hour
- Normal production with recycled material at any percentage
- ② Independent extrusion and orientation processes, disconnected to avoid collapse in the whole line when singular failures in production occur

Integrated Seal System



- 100% Automatic system
- Reinforced rubber gasket
- Excellent mechanical properties in the socket

Fully automated process: recipe system

- **©** Easy manufacturing
- **O** Logic intuitive control for the operator
- **t** Low learning curve



Technical support

- **©** Remote internet assistance



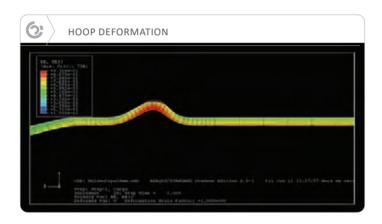
Molecor socketing system features

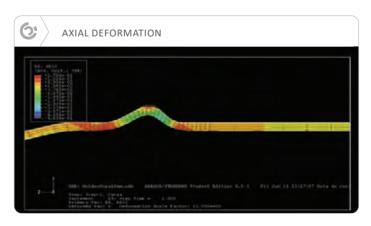
The socket is the most important part of the pipe. Socket geometry is more complex than in the rest of the pipe, and stresses are higher, mainly in the axial direction. Moreover, its extra dimension compared to the barrel makes of it a more exposed element to impacts, scratches and other damages during installation.

Molecor has researched all aspects surrounding the correct way of working of a rubber ring socket union, in order to design **the best system for a PVC-O pipe**. The mechanical and geometrical parameters of a socket need to be considered. However, the aspects related to the orientation process, commonly underestimated, are the real issue for a proper PVC-O pipe equipment design.

Fundamentals of a proper socketing system for PVC-O

The socket's objetive is the union between pipes **ensuring leak tightness** and enabling a **quick and easy installation** on site. Sockets have to be designed so as to provide mechanical resistance. The socket's design in PVC-O pipes do not only depend on certain geometry criteria or thickness distribution. Sockets are expected to maintain the excellent properties attained during Molecular Orientation. For that reason it is important to attain the right orientation degree on each part of the socket, since it is known how stresses are different along the different sections of the socket.



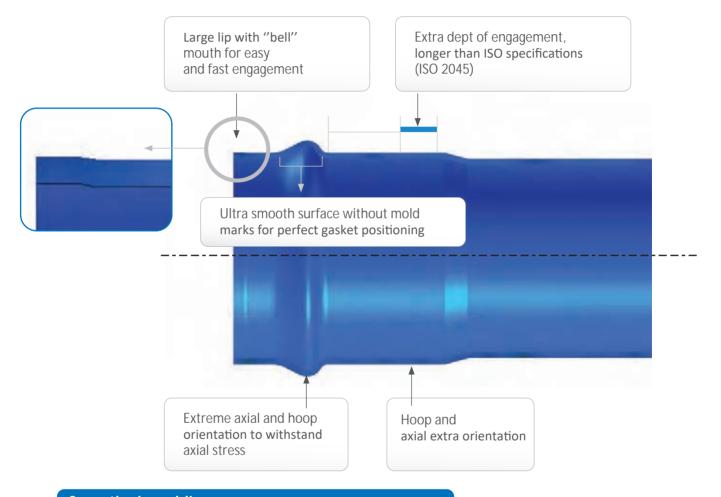


FEM simulation of a PVC-O pipe behaviour with axial and hoop orientation



Socket design improvements

Molecor has enhanced the classical socket shape to give it extra security with an extra large depth of engagement to enable a safer installation. Molecor special design includes an open lip with a bell shape that improves the pipe's assembly process. Furthermore, Molecor provides local orientation to reinforce the stress concentration areas.



Smooth air molding

Socket shaping is done with air, thus avoiding marks of mold unions and scratches on the inner surface, which provides perfect leak tightness and very easy gasket positioning.

Integral socket

In opposition to other existing systems, the technology of Molecor produces the socket at the same time as the rest of the pipe to achieve the optimum conditions for Molecular Orientation.

Therefore, there is no secondary process of reheating and reorientation which could result in a degradation of the properties. In addition to the process simultaneity and stability, **Molecor**'s patented technology allows for different degrees of orientation in the required sections of the socket and for specific wall thickness distribution. In any case, it can be adapted to external machinery devices specially designed for socketing PVC-O pipes.



M-OR-P 5012, technology to manufacture the largest PVC-O pipe in the world: DN1200 mm

Molecor has developed the first system in the world able to manufacture PVC-O pipes from diameter DN500 mm (18") up to DN1200 mm (48")

In 64 meters length it includes the extruder, the vacuum tank, the spray tank, the haul off, the saw and the orientation equipment. It incorporates an exclusive innovation: an initial tube discard system that guarantees 100% the quality of the manufactured pipes. This machine is really an innovation in the technological sector of the oriented pipe industry.

Technical Characteristics

This is the system with the highest production capacity that Molecor offers, being able to manufacture 1,100 kg/h. It is compatible with standard designs of plastic pipe factories and it can work with a preform pipe up to 750 mm diameter and 2000 kg.

One of the most characteristic and differentating element, in comparision with other systems, apart from its dimensions or manufacturing possibilities, is its industrial programming. This system has been developed for the M-OR-P 5012 exclusively. This is the only machine whose working process is 100% roobotic and automatic.

- Hydraulic overrides that make easier the orientation tools movement.
- A warming system wich works by forced air convection, monitorized in up to ten different zones during the heating process of the PVC-O pipe inside the oven.
- An integrated weighing system that confirmes the viability and quality of the tube in the finishing process.

Energy efficiency



Energy is applied only in the pipe by specific air distribution.

Stability



The Genuine Air System prevents leakage risks due to the absence of boiling water.

Security and quality



Power outages do not cause stops all along the whole line.

Production



In-line work at the same speed as the extruder. No intermediate stocks.



A new machine in line with Molecor's 360° Support Policy

As a world reference in **Molecular Orientation, Molecor** provides the necessary support and expertise for a sustainable growth in order to achieve the project success. That is the reason why the new development of the technology count on a monitoring and control system helped by an industrial computer in order to obtain detailed data on its production and maintenance.

Aplications



PVC-O pipes are the most advanced solution for the conveyance of water under pressure on the market, this new development increase the diameters range available wich are impossible to manufacture with other systems. This quality makes them the best option for driking water distribution networks, absorption systems in lakes or dammings, desalination, irrigation and other important municipal or state projects.

Integrated Seal System (ISS+)



Molecor has developed a system, patent pending, to manufacture **PVC-O** pipes with **Integrated Seal System**. The joining of PVC-O pipes is achieved by means of a rubber sealing ring placed on the pipe socket to effectively prevent leakages between two joined pipes after the spigot (male end) is inserted into the bell (female end).

Molecor has implemented an **Integrated Seal System** in order to introduce a reinforced rubber gasket inside the pipe right after orientation, keeping the excellent mechanical properties of PVC-O pipes especially in the socket.

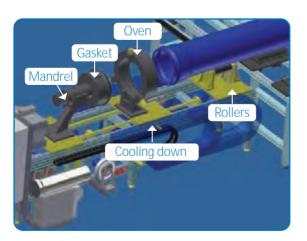
Steps:

1- Gasket Positioning

2- Heating up

3- Cooling down

4- Extraction



The Integrated Seal System ISS+ applied to PVC-O pipes presents improvements in the pipes behavior, especially in larger diameters and high pressures. Up to now, this technology had not been applied to PVC-O pipes.

- 100% Automatic system
- Reinforced rubber gasket
- Mechanical and electrical security systems
- Fail-Safe concept
- Excellent mechanical properties in the socket



Worldwide regulations support

PVC-O pipes manufacture is worldwide supported. There is an International Standard as well as national Standards in USA, France, South Africa, Australia/NZ, Spain, Canada, Brazil, Colombia, Saudi Arabia, Peru, UK, India, Paraguay, Japan, Morocco, Turkey, Russia, Japan and Indonesia.

HIDRAULIC DESIGN												
	Standard	CLASS	$\sigma_{_{\rm s}}$	Cs	HDB (psi)	(MPa)	MRS (MPa)					
AENOR	EN 17176:2019		3									
ISO	ISO 16422:2014	MS										
AENOR	UNE-EN 17176:2019	7										
BSI British Standardy	BS-ISO 16422											
AENOR	SANS 16422	Z										
ij Indecopi	NTP-ISO 16422	500	36-32-25	1,4-1,6-2			50					
	SASO-ISO 16422	450	32-28-23	1,4-1,6-2			45					
∢\$€>	TS ISO 16422	400	25-20	1,6-2			40					
INEN	NTE - INEM -ISO 16422											
(5)	NP-ISO 16422											
BSN)	SNI-ISO 16422											
Œ	GOST R 56927											
IMANOR Ilanga Ilanga I	NM-ISO 16422											
And thereas is torrelation	BIS 16647 : 2017	450-500	28-36	1,4-2			45-50					
	AS/NZS	500	32				50					
STANDARDS Australia	4441:2008	450 400	28 25	1,6			45 40					
497	ASTM F1483-12	PVCO 1135	24,46 (3.550 psi)	2	7.100	48,92	42,6 (stim)					
<u> </u>	AWWA C909-09		24,48 (3.550 psi)	2	7.100	48,95	42,6 (stim)					
⊕ .	CSA 137.3.1-09		24,48 (3.550 psi)	2	7.100	48,95						
43	NTC 5425	PVCO 1139	26,9 (3.900 psi)	2	7.490	51,64	42,6 (stim)					
icontec	N1C 3423	PVCO 1135	24,46 (3.550 psi)	2	7.100	48,92	42,0 (30111)					
(BI)	ABTN NBR 15750		25 28	1,6			45 40					
afror NORMALISATION	AFNOR * T54-948	500 450 400	40 36 25	1,6 1,25			50 45 40					

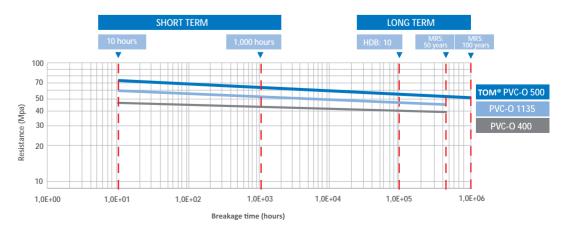


Orientation degree: Class

The material class is defined by the material behavior in the long term test. The higher the class achieved, the better the mechanical properties attained. There are three main classifications, the International Standard, the American Standard and the European Standard. As reported by the International Standard, ISO 16422, and to the European Standard, EN 17176, the PVC-O Class 500 is the highest. It is based on the ISO 9080 test conducted at 10⁴ hours and extrapolated to 50 years. For PVC-O Class 500 the MRS (Minimun Required Strengh) is at least 50 MPa in 50 years, whereas for example for the class 400 the nominal test pressure minimum value is 40 MPa.

STRESS REGRESSION LINE

For the American Standards the class should be 1135, according to ASTM D 1483-12. The value is related to the Hydrostatic design Basis (HDB), tested at 104 hours and extrapolated to 105 hours. Class 1135 means that after 105 hours the material withstands at least 6810 psi (46.92MPa).





MRS - Minimum Required Strength

The Minimum Required Strength (MRS) is determined by the materials degree of orientation and therefore is a key factor in order to determine the hydraulic design stress. The higher the MRS the longer useful life expected and the better guaranty for long term behavior.

Overall service design coefficient: C

This variable takes into consideration service conditions as well as the properties of the piping system components. It goes from 1.25 to 2.0, being 1.25 the lowest overall service design coefficient allowed only for the French Standard NF T54-948:2010 and for the highest classes, 450 and 500.

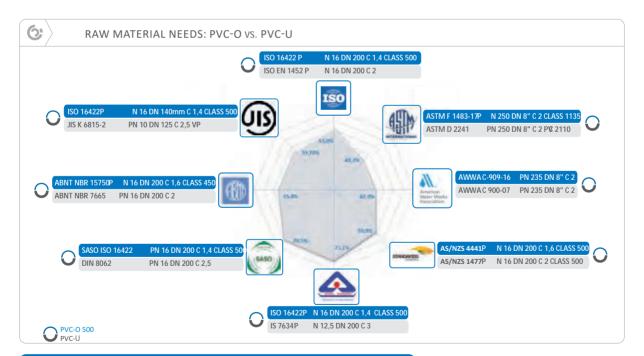
HDB - Hydraulic design stress

It is the estimated maximum tensile strength the material is capable of withstanding continuously with the confidence that pipe failure will not occur. It is related to the MRS and C by the following equation.

$$\sigma_{S} = \frac{MRS}{C}$$

PVC-O vs. PVC-U

The substantial improvement of the PVC-O's mechanical properties due to **Molecular Orientation** results in a reduction of the material needs compared to PVC-U. The following chart compares the raw material needs for PVC-O and PVC-U according to different Standards.



Rework material

Molecor systems are very stable and robust. Therefore, the technology can perfectly work with rework material. Most of the Standards reviewed on the table on the preceding page allow the use of the manufacturer's own reprocessable material produced during the manufacture and testing of products.





IPEX Inc. (Canada)



IPEX, a company with more than 50 years of experience in plastic pipes manufacturing technologies, also uses the technology developed by Molecor to

manufacture PVC-O pipes.

This technology, together with efficient distribution centers and customer support, has made this company a reference in quality, innovation and performance.



Canada

Molecor Headquarters (Spain)

Located in the industrial area of Madrid, only 40 minutes from the Barajas International Airport, Molecor has a manufacturing plant for PVC-O pipes and fittings, and also an industrial site to manufacture the machines for producing PVC-O pipes, taking advantage of these complementary points of view and learning from them. Molecor offers taylor made solutions to its customers adjusting its technology to their needs.

Plasticos Rival (Ecuador)



Rival, is a leader company with over years of experience manufacturing plastic pipes Ecuador. As a result of its strategy, it completed its PVC, HDPE and GRP pipeline range with the most

advanced technology for water solutions, the technology of Molecor, to manufacture PVC-O pipes. They are currently producing PVC-O pipes in their modern plant located in the city of Cuenca.

Gerfor (Colombia)



GERFOR is a multinational company, Colombian, with a wide

experience in production and trading of PVC pipes and fittings, taps, PVC slates and geosystems, with presence in various countries in South America and exporting its products to more than 10 countries in America. Since 2011, PVC-O pipes are being manufactured with the technology of Molecor.



Colombia



PLASTIFERRO

The technology developed by Molecor arrived in Argentina with Plastiferro in order to provide a cualitative change to the sector. With this technology, Plastiferro is able to manufacture PVC-O pipes of the highest Class and quality for the water networks.

The highest engineering capabilities in addition to a real production experience make of the Molecor system a brilliant, robust and reliable technological item. With its three areas of activity, pipes, fittings and technology manufacture, Molecor completes a circle of successful implementation achieving its vision of being a global leader in Molecular Orientation technologies through innovation and commitment.

Molecor-Titan (Paraguay)



Ecuador





Molecor-Titan arises from the alliance between Molecor and the Titan Group with the aim of producing PVC-O pipes, unique product in the market, very advanced technologically and pioneer in the Southern Cone.

Paraguay





Argentina

Molecor South Africa



Molecor decided to invest in this African country, forming a Joint

Venture with the company Sizabantu Piping Systems (PTY) LTD.

The factory is located in Richards Bay (KwaZulu-Natal region) and manufactures TOM® PVC-O pipes under the license of Molecor Tecnologia, for the Southern African countries.





Coes Company (Italy)



manufacturing PVC-O pipes with

the technology of Molecor. They obtained in a record time the NF mark certificate according to NF T54-948:2010 for the range of products DN

Moletech Astana (Kazahkstan)

MOLETECHASTANA Technology licenced by:

Pipe manufacturing facility of Moletech Astana started in 2016 its activity in the capital of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Astana-city. The plant, in which PVC-O pipes are manufactured with the technology of Molecor, participates in various pipeline projects of water supply, irrigation, reclaimed water and other applications in Kazakhstan and other countries of the



110-250 mm PN 16 bars.

Floking Pipes Pvt Ltd (India)



Floking Pipes Pvt. Ltd. is promoted by Electro Group of Companies and Modi

Group of Companies. Equipped with the groundbreaking technology developed by Molecor, Floking Pipes becomes the first PVC-O pipe manufacturer and is ready to revolutionize the PVC-O pipe segment in India.





Ori-Plast Limited (India)

A pioneer in the pipes' field Ori-Plast in India, Ori-Plast Ltd an established market leader and

trusted piping brand across the country. Over the last five decades, Ori-Plast has kept its promise of delivering superior quality and providing complete piping solutions to millions of homes, industries and farmers and now, the company goes on providing users with the best solutions in Oriented PVC thanks to the technology of Molecor, incorporated into its manufacturing plant in 2019.

India



Malaysia

Molecor SEA (Malaysia)

T MOLECOR

Molecor (SEA) was incorporated in 2013 to manufacture and distribute PVC-O pipes in South East Asia,

under the "HYPRO" brand. We are committed to manufacturing and delivering products and services of the highest possible quality, on time, guaranteing to meet or exceed the customer's expectations _ the at most economical level.

Australia

Parvati Agro Plast (India)



Parvati is one largest leading manufacturers of Rigid PVC HDPE, MDPE & Sewerage Pipes of various

sizes & classes in India and, in order to cater the needs of the market from 2019 and uses also a new PVC-O pipeline developed with the Molecor technology to provide the Indian market with this outstanding product.

South Africa



Chemfab Alkalis Limited (India)



Chemfab Alkalis Limited (CCAL) is a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956; it was India's first Membrane Cell Caustic Soda Plant, state-of-the-art, pollution-free and energy conserving technology. CCAL, always interested in new and effective technologies, now manufactures Oriented PVC pipes with the exclusive technology developed by Molecor.

Pipemakers (Australia)



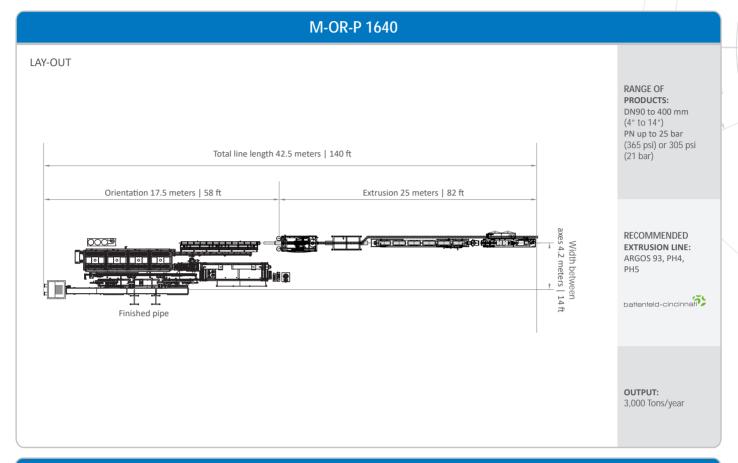
Pipemakers Australia is a leading manufacturer and supplier of PVC piping to the construction and building industry. The Australian company, committed to the latest modern practices, incorporated the technology developed by Molecor in

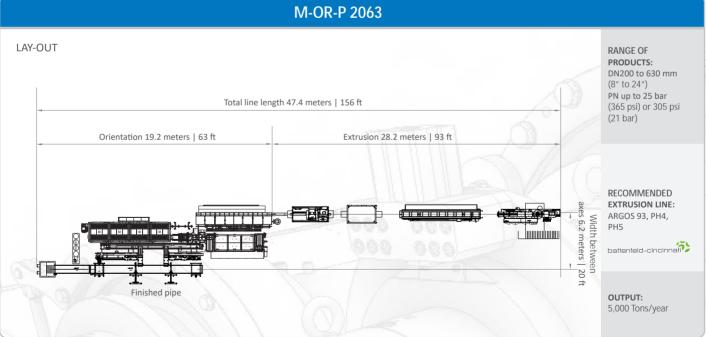
order to provide the most advanced solutions for water transport, manufacturing PVC-O pipes since

June 2014.









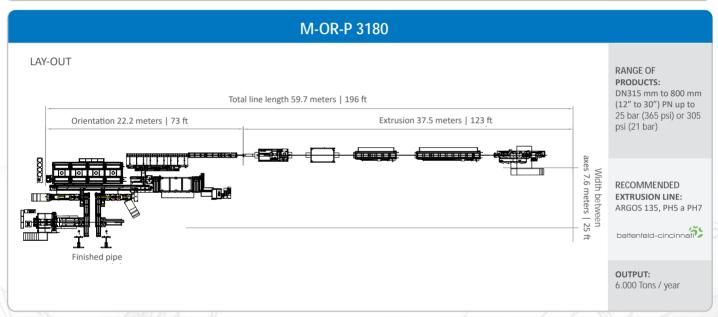
Cutting-edge technology to manufacture the widest range of PVC-O pipes in the world

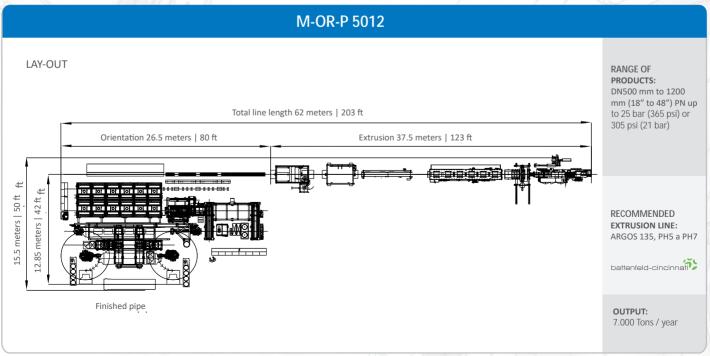
MODEL ESPECIFICATIONS •••



	M-OR-P 1640											
EN	ISO	AS/NZS	A:	STM	AWWA	C	SA	NBR	SASO ISO			
17176 DN mm	16422 DN mm	4441 DN mm		83-05 I inch CIOD	909-09 DN inch CIOD		37.3.1 I inch CIOD	15750 DN mm	16422 DN mm			
90	90	80							90			
110 125	110 125	100	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	100	110 125			
140	140								140			
160 180	160 180	150	6"	6"	6"	6"	6"	150	160 180			
200	200		8″	0.0	0.11	8"	0.11	200	200			
225 250	225 250	200		8"	8"		8"	200	225 250			
280	280	225 250	10"	10"	10"	10″	10"	250	280			
315	315	300	12"	12"	12"	12"	12"	300	315			
355 400	355 400		14"	14"	14"	14"	14"	350	355 400			

M-OR-P 2063												
EN	ISO	AS/NZS	ASTM	AWWA	C:	SA	NBR	SASO ISO				
17176 DN mm	16422 DN mm	4441 DN mm	1483-05 DN inch	DN inch		7.3.1 I inch	15750 DN mm	16422 DN mm				
			IPS CIO	DD CIOD	IPS	CIOD						
200	200		8"	8"	8"	0.11	000	200				
250	250	250		_	10"	8″	200	250				
280	280	230	10"	0" 10"		10"	250	280				
315	315	200	12"		12"		300	315				
355	355	300	14"	2" 12"	14"	12"		355				
400	400	375	16"	4" 14"	16"	14"	350	400				
450	450		10"	6" 16"	18"	16"	400	450				
500	500	450	1	8" 18"	20"	18"	450	500				
560	560	500	20 2	20"	20	20"	500	560				
300		560	24"		24"			500				
630	630	600	24" 2	24"	24"	24"	600	630				





MODEL ESPECIFICATIONS •••



	M-OR-P 3163											
EN	ISO	AS/NZS	AS	ГМ	AWWA	C:	SA	NBR	SASO ISO			
17176 DN mm	16422 DN mm	4441 DN mm	1483 DN	3-05 inch	909-09 DN inch		7.3.1 I inch	15750 DN mm	16422 DN mm			
			IPS	CIOD	CIOD	IPS	CIOD					
250 280	250 280	250	10"	10"	10"	10"	10"	250	250 280			
315 355 400 450 500 560	315 355 400 450 500 560	300 375 450 500 560	12" 14" 16" 18" 20"	12" 14" 16" 18" 20"	12" 14" 16" 18" 20"	12" 14" 16" 18" 20"	12" 14" 16" 18" 20"	300 350 400 450 500	315 355 400 450 500 560			
630	630	600		24"	24"		24"	600	630			

M-OR-P 3180											
EN	ISO	AS/NZS	ASTM	AWWA	CSA	NBR	SASO ISO				
17176 DN mm	16422 DN mm	4441 DN mm	1483-05 DN inch IPS CIOE	909-09 DN inch CIOD	B137.3.1 DN inch IPS CIOD	15750 DN mm	16422 DN mm				
315 355 400 450 500 560 630 710	315 355 400 450 500 560 630	300 375 450 500 560 600	12" 14" 16" 18" 20" 24" 28" 26	" 14" " 16" " 18" " 20"	12" 14" 16" 14" 16" 18" 20" 24" 24" 28" 26"	300 350 400 450 500 600	315 355 400 450 500 560 630 710				
800	800	750	30"	30"	30"	800	800				

			N	1-OR-P 5	5012				
EN	ISO	AS/NZS	AS	STM	AWWA	C	SA	NBR	SASO ISO
17176	16422	4441	148	33-05	909-09	B13	7.3.1	15750	16422
DN mm	DN mm	DN mm	DN	inch	DN inch	DN	l inch	DN mm	DN mm
			IPS	CIOD	CIOD	IPS	CIOD		
500 560	500 560	500	20"	18" 20"	18" 20"	20"	18" 20"	500	500 560
630	630	560 600	24"	24"	24"	24"	24"	600	630
710	710		28" 30"	26"	26"	28" 30"	26"	710	710
800	800	750 800	32"	30"	30"	32"	30"	800	800
900	900	900	36"	34"	34"	36"	34"	900	900
1000	1000	700	40"	38"	38"	40"	38"	1000	1000
1100	1100	1000	42"	40"	40"	42"	40"	1100	1100
1200	1200	1100	48"	42"	42"	48"	42"	1200	1200

The range of products highlighted in blue are special adaptation processed under request. The diameters in blue are not contemplated in the standards.



Notes		
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N	O_{-}	TFS	• •



Notes		

The drawings, illustrations, technical characteristics, as well as the data grid and figures included in this document are not contractual. Molecor Tecnología, S.L. reserves the right to modify the characteristics of its products according to the new manufacturing technologies and the current legislation in order to have a continuous improvement with a view to its improvement, without prior notice.







































































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